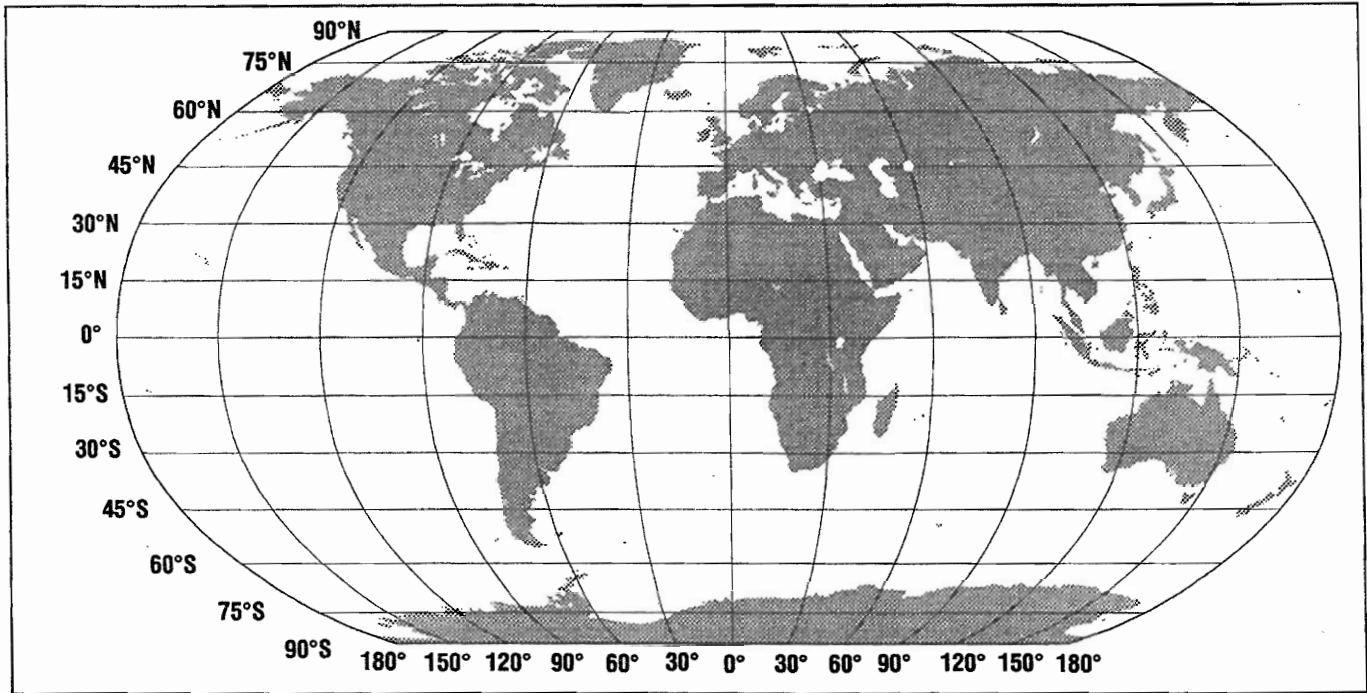


Name _____

Latitude and Longitude

Date _____

Latitude measures distance north and south of the equator. Longitude measures distance east and west of the prime meridian. But to locate a particular point on the earth's surface, you must use both latitude and longitude. Study the map below, then write the name of the place to which each intersection of latitude and longitude refers.



Russia	Pacific Ocean	China	United States	Canada
Africa	Atlantic Ocean	Australia	Antarctica	South America

1. 60°N, 120°W _____
2. 30°N, 0° _____
3. 30°S, 90°E _____
4. 45°N, 90°W _____
5. 60°N, 90°E _____
6. 30°S, 60°W _____
7. 90°S, 90°W _____
8. 30°S, 30°W _____
9. 0°, 30°E _____
10. 30°N, 120°E _____
11. 30°S, 60°W _____
12. 30°S, 150°E _____

Extra Activity: Using a detailed atlas, study Russia, Canada, the United States, and China. Write each name on a sheet of paper, then list the latitude range of each nation. Number the paper 1–5 and write answers to these questions: (1) Which country has the greatest range of latitude? (2) Which has the least range? (3) Which has the southernmost latitude? (4) Which has the northernmost? (5) What conclusions can you draw about a nation whose territory covers a wide range of latitude?

SECTION 2: DIRECTION AND LOCATION